

Claim Amendments:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) Image processing circuitry, comprising:

a two-dimensional image pipeline having a plurality of stages including a first stage and a last stage that is operable to process two dimensional image data to generate successive two-dimensional image frames for display in a two-dimensional image space;

a three-dimensional image pipeline having a plurality of stages including a first stage and a last stage that is operable to process three-dimensional image data to render successive three-dimensional image frames for display in a two-dimensional image space; and

dual mode sub-processing circuitry, associated with each of said two-dimensional image pipeline and said three-dimensional image pipeline, that is operable in a selected one of a two-dimensional mode and a three-dimensional mode, wherein when in said two-dimensional mode said dual mode sub-processing circuitry performs motion compensation operations associated with said two-dimensional image pipeline at an intermediate stage thereof and wherein when in said three-dimensional mode said dual mode sub-processing circuitry performs rasterization operations associated with said three-dimensional image pipeline at an intermediate stage thereof.

2. (Previously Presented) The image processing circuitry set forth in Claim 1 wherein a portion of said dual mode sub-processing circuitry is further operable to sample reference frames in said two-dimensional mode and to perform texture mapping in said three-dimensional mode.

3. (Previously Presented) The image processing circuitry set forth in Claim 1 wherein a portion of said dual mode sub-processing circuitry is further operable to blend samples from a plurality of reference frames in said two-dimensional mode and to blend samples from a plurality of texture maps in said three-dimensional mode.

4. (Previously Presented) The image processing circuitry set forth in Claim 2 wherein a portion of said dual mode sub-processing circuitry is further operable to process said plurality of reference frames using error terms in said two-dimensional mode and to perform alpha blending in said three-dimensional mode.

5. (Previously Presented) The image processing circuitry set forth in Claim 1 wherein the image processing circuitry is operable to support at least one MPEG standard.

6. (Original) The image processing circuitry set forth in Claim 1 further comprising an alpha blend sub-circuitry that is operable to process at least 8- and 9-bit signed values.

7. (Currently Amended) For use in image processing circuitry that comprises a two-dimensional image pipeline having a plurality of stages including a first stage and a last stage and a three-dimensional image pipeline having a plurality of stages including a first stage and a last stage, said two-dimensional image pipeline operable to process two dimensional image data to generate successive two-dimensional image frames for display in a two-dimensional image space, and said three-dimensional image pipeline operable to process three-dimensional image data to render successive three-dimensional image frames for display in a two-dimensional image space, a method of operating dual mode sub-processing circuitry that is associated with both of said pipelines, said method comprising the steps of:

determining whether said dual-mode sub-processing circuitry is in a two-dimensional mode or a three-dimensional mode;

performing motion compensation operations associated with said two-dimensional image pipeline at an intermediate stage thereof using said dual-mode sub-processing circuitry in said two-dimensional mode; and

performing rasterization operations associated with said three-dimensional image pipeline at an intermediate stage thereof using said dual-mode sub-processing circuitry in said three-dimensional mode.

8. (Previously Presented) The method of operating said dual mode sub-processing circuitry set forth in Claim 7 further comprising the steps of:

sampling a plurality of reference frames in said two-dimensional mode; and
performing texture mapping in said three-dimensional mode.

9. (Previously Presented) The method of operating said dual mode sub-processing circuitry set forth in Claim 7 further comprising the step of blending one of samples from a plurality of reference frames in said two-dimensional mode and samples from a plurality of texture maps in said three-dimensional mode.

10. (Previously Presented) The method of operating said dual mode sub-processing circuitry set forth in Claim 8 further comprising the steps of:

processing said plurality of reference frames using error terms in said two-dimensional mode; and
performing alpha blending in said three-dimensional mode.

11. (Previously Presented) The method of operating said dual mode sub-processing circuitry set forth in Claim 7 further comprising the step of switching from said three-dimensional mode to said two-dimensional mode to perform motion compensation in accordance with at least one MPEG standard.

12. (Previously Presented) The method of operating said dual mode sub-processing circuitry set forth in Claim 10 wherein said performing alpha blending step further comprises the step of processing at least 8- and 9-bit signed values.

13. (Original) The method of operating said dual mode sub-processing circuitry set forth in Claim 7 further comprising the step of controlling said dual mode sub-processing circuitry.

14. (Currently Amended) Mode control circuitry for use in an image processing system having a two-dimensional image pipeline having a plurality of stages including a first stage and a last

stage that processes two dimensional image data to generate successive two-dimensional image frames and a three-dimensional image pipeline having a plurality of stages including a first stage and a last stage that is operable to process three-dimensional image data to render successive three-dimensional image frames, said mode control circuitry comprising:

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dual mode sub-processing circuitry, associated with each of said two-dimensional and said three-dimensional image pipelines, that is operable in a selected one of a two-dimensional mode and a three-dimensional mode, wherein when in said two-dimensional mode said dual mode sub-processing circuitry performs motion compensation operations associated with said two-dimensional image pipeline at an intermediate stage thereof and wherein when in said three-dimensional mode said dual mode sub-processing circuitry performs rasterization operations associated with said three-dimensional image pipeline at an intermediate stage thereof; and

a controller that is operable to control said dual mode sub-processing circuitry to perform said motion compensation operations in said two-dimensional mode and to perform said rasterization operations in said three-dimensional mode.

15. (Previously Presented) The mode control circuitry set forth in Claim 14 wherein a portion of said dual mode sub-processing circuitry is further operable to sample a plurality of reference frames in said two-dimensional mode and to perform texture mapping in said three-dimensional mode.

16. (Previously Presented) The mode control circuitry set forth in Claim 14 wherein a portion of said dual mode sub-processing circuitry is further operable to blend samples from a plurality of reference frames in said two-dimensional mode and to blend samples from a plurality of texture maps in said three-dimensional mode.

17. (Previously Presented) The mode control circuitry set forth in Claim 15 wherein a portion of said dual mode sub-processing circuitry is further operable to process said plurality of reference frames using error terms in said two-dimensional mode and to perform alpha blending in said three-dimensional mode.

18. (Original) The mode control circuitry set forth in Claim 14 wherein said dual mode sub-processing circuitry is operable to support at least one MPEG standard.

19. (Original) The mode control circuitry set forth in Claim 14 further comprising an alpha blend sub-circuitry that is operable to process at least 8-bit and 9-bit signed values.

20. (Currently Amended) For use in image processing circuitry that comprises a two-dimensional image pipeline having a plurality of stages including a first stage and a last stage and a three-dimensional image pipeline having a plurality of stages including a first stage and a last stage, said two-dimensional image pipeline operable to process two dimensional image data to generate successive two-dimensional image frames for display in a two-dimensional image space, and said three-dimensional image pipeline operable to process three-dimensional image data to render successive three-dimensional image frames for display in a two-dimensional image space, a method of operating mode control circuitry that is associated with both of said pipelines, said method comprising the steps of:

determining whether dual mode sub-processing circuitry is in a two-dimensional mode or a three-dimensional mode; and

controlling said dual mode sub-processing circuitry to perform either motion compensation operations associated with said two-dimensional image pipeline at an intermediate stage thereof in said two-dimensional mode, or rasterization operations associated with said three-dimensional image pipeline at an intermediate stage thereof in said three-dimensional mode.

21. (Previously Presented) The method of operating said mode control circuitry set forth in Claim 20 further comprising the steps of:

sampling a plurality of reference frames in said two-dimensional mode; and

performing texture mapping in said three-dimensional mode.

22. (Previously Presented) The method of said operating mode control circuitry set forth in Claim 20 further comprising the steps of:

blending samples from a plurality of reference frames in said one two-dimensional mode; and

blending samples from a plurality of texture maps in said other three-dimensional mode.

23. (Previously Presented) The method of operating said mode control circuitry set forth in Claim 21 further comprising the steps of:

processing said plurality of reference frames using error terms in said one two-dimensional mode; and

performing alpha blending in said three-dimensional mode.

24. (Previously Presented) The method of operating said mode control circuitry set forth in Claim 20 wherein said dual mode sub-processing circuitry is operable to support at least one MPEG standard.

25. (Previously Presented) The method of operating mode control circuitry set forth in Claim 20 further comprising the step of controlling said dual-mode sub-processing circuitry using an alpha blend sub-circuitry that is operable to process at least 8-bit and 9-bit signed values.

26. (Currently Amended) A media processing system having a central processing unit, a memory subsystem, an image processing system, and a display system, said media processing system comprising:

a two-dimensional image pipeline having a plurality of stages including a first stage and a last stage that is operable to process two dimensional image data to generate successive two-dimensional image frames for display in a two-dimensional image space of said display system;

a three-dimensional image pipeline having a plurality of stages including a first stage and a last stage that is operable to process three-dimensional image data to render successive three-dimensional image frames for display in a two-dimensional image space of said display system; and

dual mode sub-processing circuitry, associated with each of said two-dimensional image pipeline and said three-dimensional image pipeline, that is operable in a selected one of a two-dimensional mode and a three-dimensional mode, wherein when in said two-dimensional mode said dual mode sub-processing circuitry performs motion compensation operations associated with said two-dimensional image pipeline at an intermediate stage thereof and wherein when in said three-dimensional mode said dual mode sub-processing circuitry performs rasterization operations associated with said three-dimensional image pipeline at an intermediate stage thereof.

27. (New) Processing apparatus comprising:

a first specialty pipeline having a plurality of stages including a first stage and a last stage;

a second specialty pipeline having a plurality of stages including a first stage and a last stage; and

dual mode sub-processing circuitry operable in a selected one of first and second modes wherein in said first mode said dual-mode sub-processing circuitry forms an intermediate stage of said first specialty pipeline and in said second mode said dual-mode sub-processing circuitry forms an intermediate stage of said second specialty pipeline.

28. (New) The processing apparatus of claim 27 wherein said first specialty pipeline comprises a two-dimensional image pipeline that is operable to process two dimensional image data to generate successive two-dimensional image frames for display in a two-dimensional image space of a display system.

29. (New) The processing apparatus of claim 28 wherein said second specialty pipeline is operable to process three-dimensional image data to render successive three-dimensional image frames for display in a two-dimensional image space of said display system.

30. (New) The processing apparatus of claim 29 wherein when in said first mode said dual mode sub-processing circuitry performs motion compensation operations associated with said two-

dimensional image pipeline and when in said second mode said dual mode sub-processing circuitry performs rasterization operations associated with said three-dimensional image pipeline.
